Get

Alcohol affects your brain. Drinking alcohol leads to a loss of coordination, poor judgment, slowed reflexes, distorted vision, memory lapses, and even blackouts.

#### Alcohol affects your

**body.** Alcohol can damage every organ in your body. It is absorbed directly into your bloodstream and can increase your risk for a variety of life-threatening diseases, including cancer.

Alcohol affects your self-control. Alcohol depresses your central nervous system, lowers your inhibitions, and impairs your judgment. Drinking can lead to risky behaviors, such as driving when you shouldn't, or having unprotected sex.

The

## Alcohol can kill you.

Drinking large amounts of alcohol at one time or very rapidly can cause alcohol poisoning, which can lead to coma or even death. Driving and drinking also can be deadly. Many traffic accidents are due to drinking alcohol and driving. Alcohol can hurt you even if you're not the one drinking. If you're around people

Facts

who are drinking, you have an increased risk

of being seriously injured, involved in car crashes, or affected by violence. At the very least, you may have to deal with people who are sick, out of control, or unable to take care of themselves.

#### Q. Aren't beer and wine "safer" than liquor?

A. No. One 12-ounce bottle of beer or a 5-ounce glass of wine (about a half-cup) has as much alcohol as a 1.5 ounce shot of liquor. Alcohol can make you drunk and cause you problems no matter how you consume it.

Straight

# Q. Why can't teens drink if their parents can?

A. Teens' brains and bodies are still developing; alcohol use can cause learning problems or lead to adult alcoholism. People who begin drinking by age 15 are five times more likely to abuse or become dependent on alcohol than those who begin drinking after age 20.

## Q. How can I say no to alcohol? I'm afraid I won't

A. It's easier to refuse than you think. Try: "No thanks," "I don't drink," or "I'm not interested." Remember that the majority of teens don't drink alcohol. You're in good company when you're one of them. Truth Alcohol For further information contact:

NATIONAL

DRUG COUNCIL

National Drug Council (345) 949-9000

What's in the bottle?

# Before

Know the law. It is illegal to buy or possess alcohol if you are under age 18.

Get the facts. One drink can make you fail a breath test. If you drive under the influence of drugs or alcohol your driver's licence could be suspended for a minimum of 12 months. The Commissioner may impound your vehicle for 18 hours OR until vou are sober OR as he sees fit. You could be fined up to \$1000 and up to six months imprisonment for the first offence and up to \$2000 and up to twelve months imprisonment for a second or subsequent offence.

Stay informed. "Binge" drinking means having five or more drinks on one occasion. Studies show that more than 35 percent of adults with an alcohol problem developed symptoms such as binge drinking by age 19.

#### Know the risks. Alcohol is a drug. Mixing it with any other drug can be extremely dangerous. Alcohol and acetaminophen--a common ingredient in OTC pain and fever reducers--can damage your liver. Alcohol mixed with other drugs can cause nausea, vomiting, fainting, heart problems, and difficulty breathing. Mixing alcohol and drugs also can

You

Risk it

Keep your edge. Alcohol is a depressant, or downer, because it reduces brain activity. If you are depressed before you start drinking, alcohol can make you feel worse.

lead to coma and death.

# **Look around you**. Most teens aren't drinking alcohol.

teens aren't drinking alcohol. Research shows that about 60 percent of people 12-18 haven't had a drink in the past month.

### How can you tell if a friend has a drinking problem? Sometimes it's tough to tell.

Sometimes it's tough to tell. But there are signs you can look for. If your friend has one or more of the following warning signs, he or she may have a problem with alcohol:

Getting drunk on a regular basis Lying about how much alcohol he or she is using

Believing that alcohol is necessary to have fun

Having frequent hangovers

Feeling run-down, depressed, or even suicidal

Having "blackouts"-forgetting what he or she did while drinking

What can you do to help someone who has a drinking problem? Be a real friend. You might even save a life. Encourage your friend to stop or seek professional help. If you know someone who has a problem with alcohol, urge him or her to stop or get help. If you drink stop! The

The

line

bottom

longer you ignore the real

facts, the more chances you

take with your life.

It's never too late. Talk

to your parents, a doctor,

a counselor, a teacher, or

another adult you trust.

## Do it today!

To learn more about alcohol or obtain referrals to programs in your community, contact one of the numbers:

### Department of Counselling Services Tel: 949-8789 Email: counseling.services@gov.ky

**The Wellness Centre** Tel: 949-9433 Email: wellnesscentre@candw.ky

National Drug Council Tel: 949-9000 Email: info@ndc.ky

Cayman Against Substance Abuse Tel: 947-0679 Email: ldmcfield@hotmail.com

Know the signs